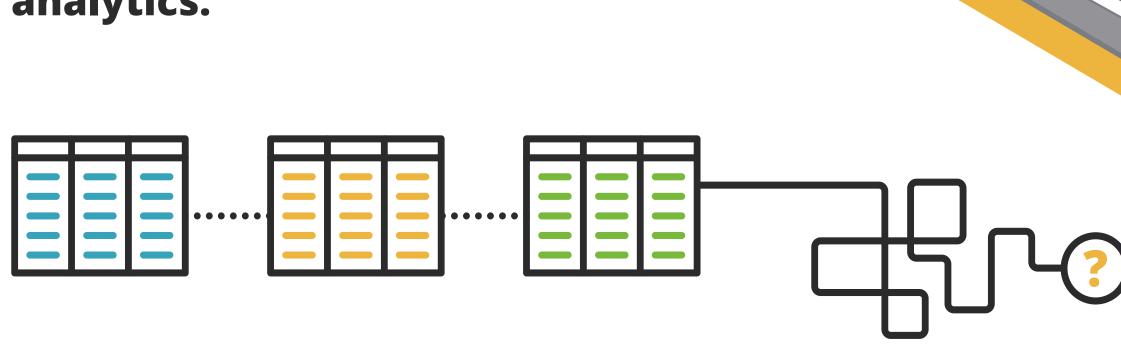


An R package for generating analysis-ready data from electronic health records—diagnoses and

procedures

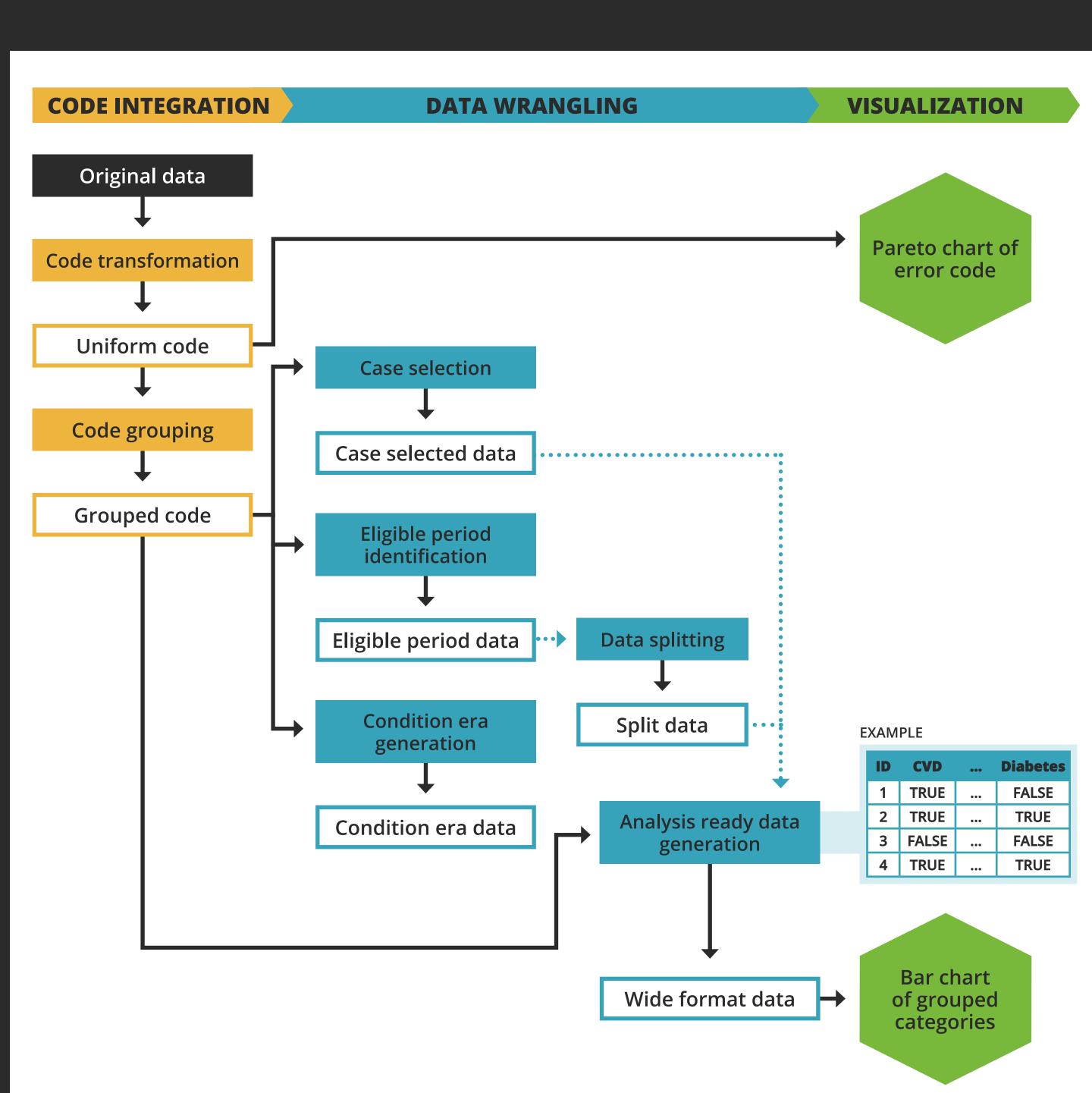
BACKGROUND

Healthcare data analytics is an essential process that helps accelerate clinical research. However, processing and analyzing EHR data commonly bottlenecks healthcare data analytics.



METHODS

The dxpr R package provides mechanisms for integration, wrangling, and visualization of clinical data, including diagnosis and procedure records.



Classification of diagnosis codes (ICD). Then, the dxpr package supports four strategies for grouping clinical diagnostic data. After EHRs are integrated, users can employ a set of flexible built-in querying functions for dividing data into case and control groups. Subsequently, the structure of integrated long data can be converted into wide, analysis-ready data that are suitable for statistical analysis and visualization.

First, the *dxpr* package helps users uniformly reformat International

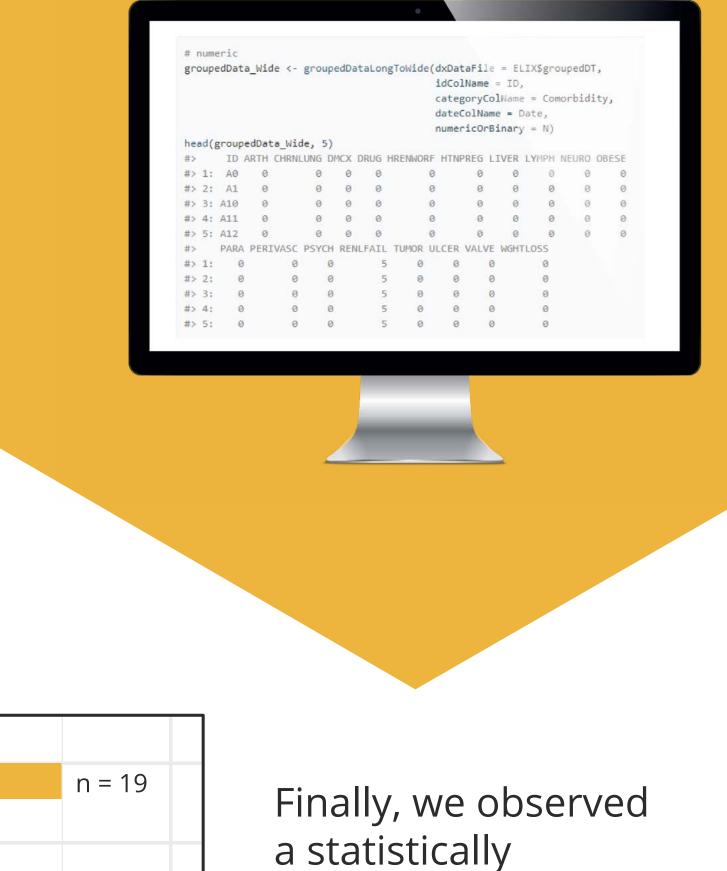
We conducted comorbidity data processes based on a cohort of

RESULTS

7,833) by using the *dxpr* package. We first defined patent ductus arteriosus (PDA) cases as patients who had at least one PDA diagnosis (ICD-9 7470*). Controls were defined as patients who never had PDA diagnosis. Then, we grouped the diagnoses into defined comorbidities. **Diagnostic category: Top 10**

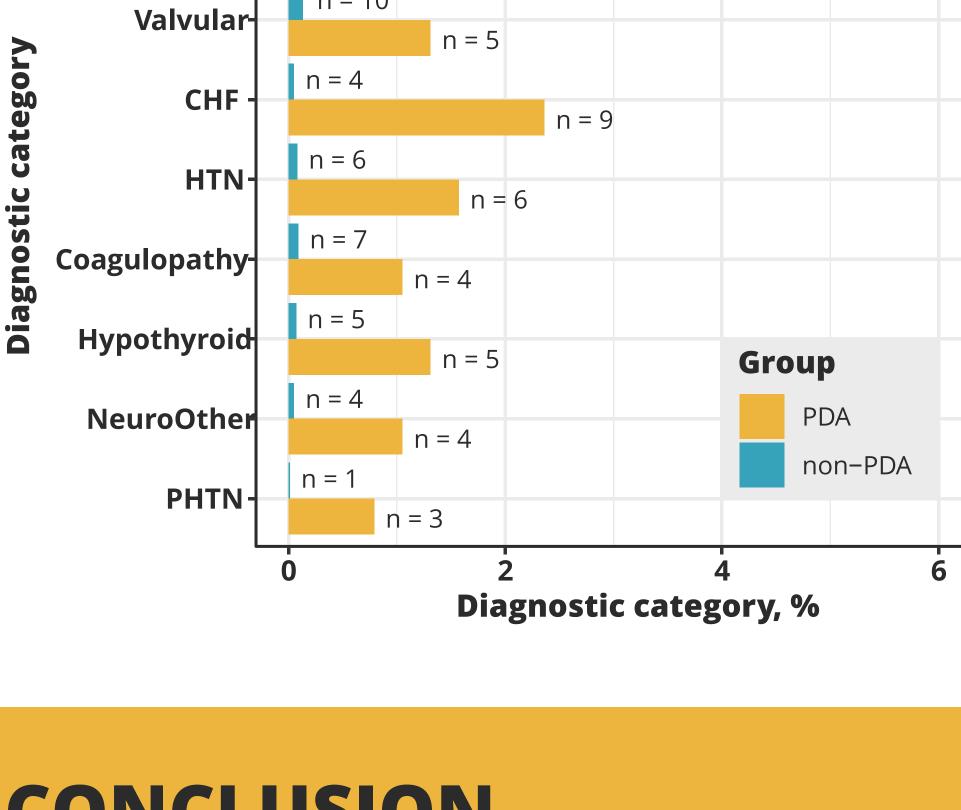
n = 43

newborns from MIMIC-III (n =



n = 10Valvular-

FluidsLytes



in 8 of the 16 comorbidities, including fluid and electrolyte disorders and valvular disease, among patients with and without PDA.

significant difference



This *dxpr* package helps clinical data analysts address common bottlenecks caused by clinical data characteristics, such as heterogeneity and sparseness.



