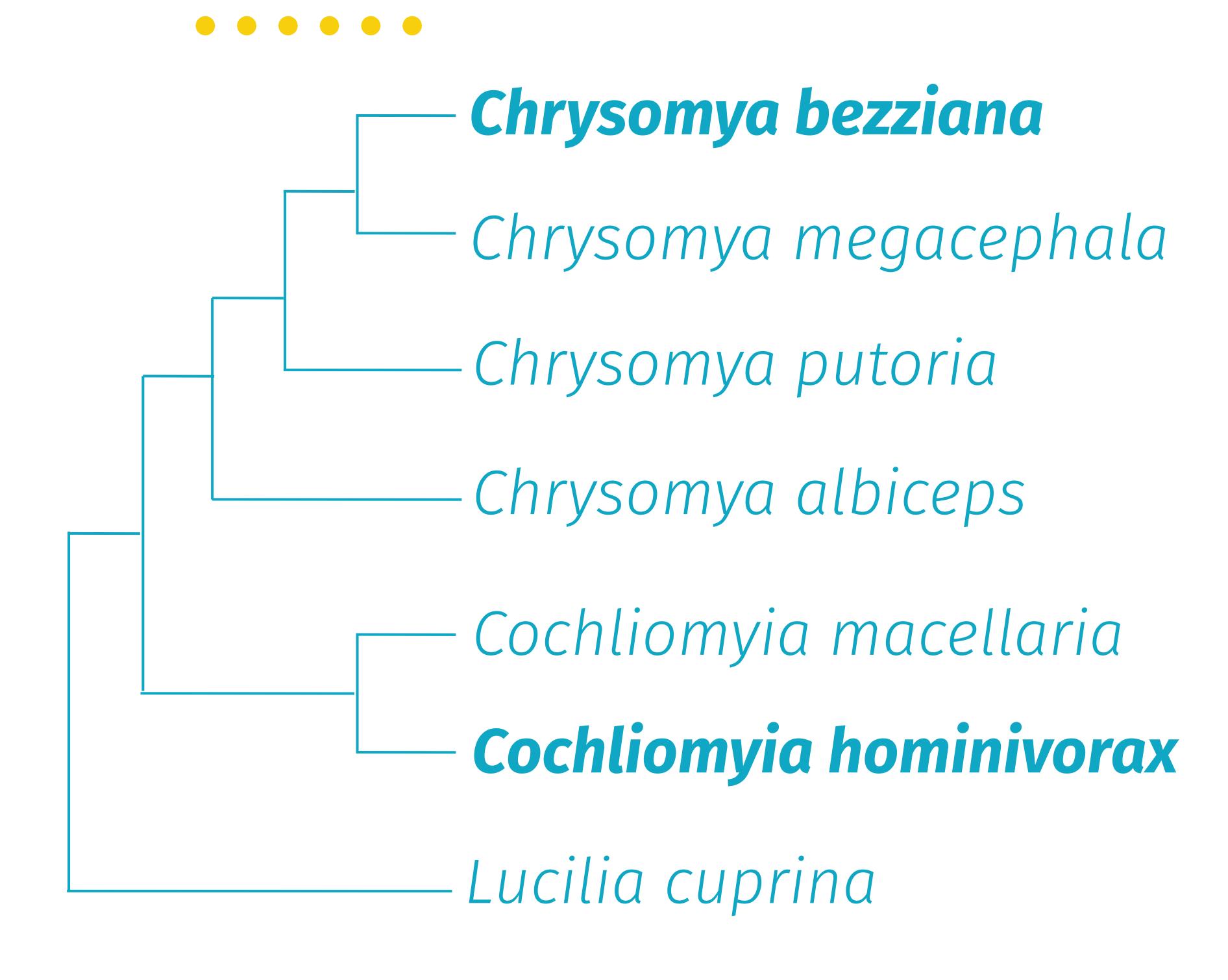


the first effort to study the evolution of parasitism in blowflies using functional data

Due to the presence of *contrasting feeding habits* among blowflies, including feeding off of a living host, scientists were motivated to search for specific genetic features that could be associated with the *evolution of parasitism*.

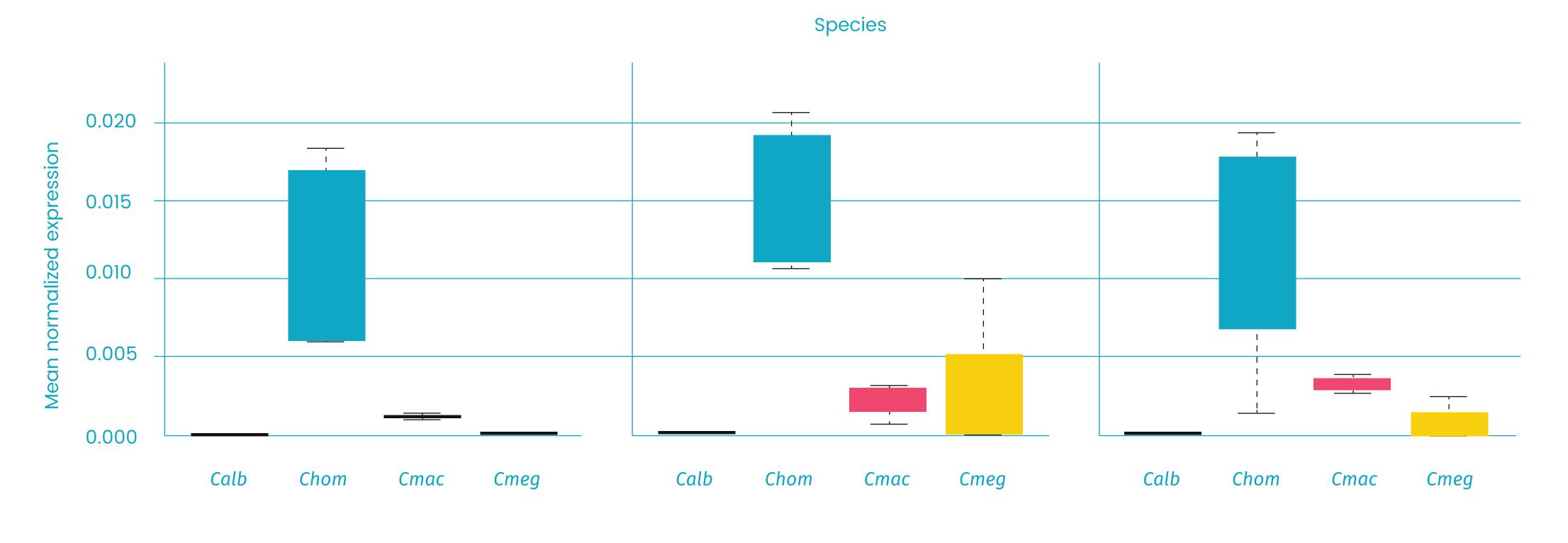
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According to the current phylogenetic hypothesis for the *Calliphoridae* family, obligate parasitism appears to have *evolved independently* 



They searched for sequence and gene expression variation on specific candidate genes.

Scientists observed an association between feeding habit and the expression of Malvolio.



They also showed evidence that its coding region *might not be evolving neutrally*.



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Evolution of Genes Involved in Feeding Preference and Metabolic