The ecological fragility of inland salt marsh wetlands and the serious salinization and desertification lead to the continuous decline of wetland productivity and the decrease of biodiversity, showing a serious degradation trend. Wetland soil nutrient content is an important factor to determine soil fertility, and its dynamic change significantly affects the productivity of wetland ecosystem. The manuscript of dynamic changes of soil nutrients in inland salt marshes at different restoration stages provides theoretical guidance and reference for ecological restoration of degraded wetlands and sustainable management and protection of wetlands in this area. However, this manuscript still needs to be further improved and discussed for minor revision, as follows:

- 1. Some English sentences should be further polished and modified by the authors.
- 2. "Effects of restoration years on soil nitrogen and phosphorus in inland salt marshes" Does this title need to take into account the seasonal and structural characteristics of N and P?
- 3. Introduction should be appropriately presented in the summary.
- 4. Recent or more advanced research in the field of wetland restoration should be added to the introduction and strengthened the logic of the introduction.
- 5. Specific information such as the location of the study area can be indicated by appropriate maps.
- 6. The results need to be further condensed to summarize the most significant regularities.
- 7. The paper discusses large sectors that are combined with regional relevant research, for example, "soil TN in Phragmites australis wetland gradually increased in the natural condition during May-September." Whether it can be combined with other regional or large-scale related studies for further discussion.
- 8. The citation format of the references in the text is inconsistent, and the manuscript needs to be standardized and strengthened. For example, line 112.