

References used for this review

- Amadori, M., Amalfitano, J., Giusberti, L., Fornaciari, E., Luciani, V., Carnevale, G., & Kriwet, J. (2019). First associated tooth set of a high-cusped *Ptychodus* (Chondrichthyes, Elasmobranchii) from the Upper Cretaceous of northeastern Italy, and resurrection of *Ptychodus altior* Agassiz, 1835. *Cretaceous Research*, 93, 330-345.
- Amadori, M., Amalfitano, J., Giusberti, L., Fornaciari, E., Carnevale, G., & Kriwet, J. (2020). The Italian record of the cretaceous shark, *Ptychodus latissimus* Agassiz, 1835 (Chondrichthyes; Elasmobranchii). *PeerJ*, 8, e10167.
- Amadori, M., Kindlimann, R., Fornaciari, E., Giusberti, L., & Kriwet, J. (2022). A new cuspidate ptychodontid shark (Chondrichthyes; Elasmobranchii), from the Upper Cretaceous of Morocco with comments on tooth functionalities and replacement patterns. *Journal of African Earth Sciences*, 187, 104440.
- Bels, V., & Whishaw, I. Q. (Eds.). (2019). Feeding in vertebrates: evolution, morphology, behavior, biomechanics. Springer.
- Ebert, D. A., Dando, M., & Fowler, S. (2021). Sharks of the world: a complete guide (Vol. 19). Princeton University Press.
- Eriksson, M. E., Lindgren, J., Chin, K., & MÅNSBY, U. (2011). Coprolite morphotypes from the Upper Cretaceous of Sweden: novel views on an ancient ecosystem and implications for coprolite taphonomy. *Lethaia*, 44(4), 455-468.
- Everhart, M. J. (2017). Oceans of Kansas: a natural history of the Western Interior Sea. Indiana University Press.
- Hamm, S. A. (2020). Stratigraphic, geographic and paleoecological distribution of the Late Cretaceous shark genus *Ptychodus* within the Western Interior Seaway, North America (Vol. 81). New Mexico Museum of Natural History and Science.
- Hocking, D. P., Evans, A. R., & Fitzgerald, E. M. (2013). Leopard seals (*Hydrurga leptonyx*) use suction and filter feeding when hunting small prey underwater. *Polar Biology*, 36, 211-222.
- Hunt, A. P., Milà, J., Lucas, S. G., & Spielmann, J. A. (Eds.). (2012). Vertebrate coprolites (Vol. 57, pp. 153-160). New Mexico Museum of Natural History and Science.
- Kelley, P., Kowalewski, M., & Hansen, T. A. (Eds.). (2003). Predator-prey interactions in the fossil record (Vol. 20). Springer Science & Business Media.

- Marx, F. G., Hocking, D. P., Park, T., Ziegler, T., Evans, A. R., & Fitzgerald, E. M. (2016). Suction feeding preceded filtering in baleen whale evolution. *Memoirs of Museum Victoria*, 75.
- Niedźwiedzki, R., & Kalina, M. (2003). Late Cretaceous sharks in the Opole Silesia region (SW Poland). *Geologia Sudetica*, 35(1-76), 13-24.
- Schwimmer, D. R., Weems, R. E., & Sanders, A. E. (2015). A Late Cretaceous Shark Coprolite with Baby Freshwater Turtle Vertebrae Inclusions shark Coprolite with Turtle Vertebrae. *Palaios*, 30(9), 707-713.
- Shimada, K. (2012). Dentition of Late Cretaceous shark, *Ptychodus mortoni* (Elasmobranchii, Ptychodontidae). *Journal of Vertebrate Paleontology*, 32(6), 1271-1284.